Math 136: Calculus 2

Spring 2017 Professor Levandosky Written Homework 10

- 1. Determine the interval of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-5)^n}{n^2 3^n}$. Be sure to indicate whether or not the series converges at each endpoint of the interval.
- 2. Let $f(x) = \sin(x^2)$.
 - (a) Write the Taylor series for f centered at c = 0.
 - (b) Find $f^{(18)}(0)$.
 - (c) Use the series in part (a) to express $\int_0^1 \sin(x^2) dx$ as an infinite series.
 - (d) Use the alternating series error bound to approximate the series in part (c) to within 0.0001.
- 3. (a) Find the second degree Taylor polynomial of $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$ centered at c = 9.
 - (b) Use the polynomial in part (a) to approximate $\sqrt{9.2}$.
 - (c) Use the Taylor polynomial error bound to find a bound on the error of the approximation in part (b).
- 4. Use Taylor series expansions to evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^{x^3}-1-x^3}{\sin(x^2)-x^2}$.