

## Math 136: Calculus 2

Spring 2017

Professor Levandosky

Written Homework 8

1. Evaluate the following limits.

$$(a) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n + 5}{5n - 7}$$

$$(b) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{n + 3}$$

$$(c) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + 1}{5n^3 + 2n + 6}$$

$$(d) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n}{e^n}$$

$$(e) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{n + 5} - \sqrt{n}$$

$$(f) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n - \sqrt{4n^2 - 3}$$

$$(g) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-1)^n n}{n^2 + 3}$$

$$(h) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-1)^n n^2}{n^2 + 3}$$

2. Evaluate the following limits of recursively defined sequences.

$$(a) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n, \text{ where } a_1 = 2 \text{ and } a_n = \frac{3}{4}a_{n-1} + 7 \text{ for } n > 1.$$

$$(b) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n, \text{ where } b_1 = 2 \text{ and } b_n = \frac{3}{2}b_{n-1} + 1 \text{ for } n > 1.$$

3. For each series, either find its sum if it converges, or explain why it diverges.

$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n}{3n + 5}$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{6 + 5^n}{7^n}$$

$$(c) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{3(2^n)}{5^n}$$

$$(d) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 7(\pi/e)^n$$

$$(e) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+2}}$$

4. Use the integral test to determine whether each series converges or diverges.

$$(a) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\ln(n))^2}$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^2 + 8}$$

$$(c) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{e^n}$$

5. Use the comparison test to determine whether each series converges or diverges.

$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n^2 + 1}}$$