

Chapter 2 Review:

38. a is the function, c is the derivative (it's 0 when a has horizontal tangent line), and b is the derivative of c, and so the second derivative of the function.

Chapter 3 Review:

2.  $-\sin(\tan x)(\sec^2 x)$

4.  $\frac{3x+5}{(2x+1)^{3/2}}$

6.  $\frac{e^x(x-1)^2}{(1+x^2)^2}$

8.  $e^{-t}(-t^2 + 4t - 4)$

16.  $\frac{y-2x \cos y}{2 \cos 2y - x^2 \sin y - x}$

18.  $\frac{2xe^x + x^2 e^x}{x^2 e^x}$ , which can be simplified to  $\frac{2}{x} + 1$ .

20. Omit this problem.

22.  $\frac{\ln(t^4)+4}{2\sqrt{t \ln(t^4)}}$

24.  $\frac{e^y}{1-xe^y}$

28.  $-\sin x e^{\cos x} - e^x \sin(e^x)$

40.  $y' = \frac{4x}{(x^2+1)^2}$ . Equation of the tangent line is  $y = -1$

Chapter 4 Review:

2. Absolute min at  $x = -1/4$  and absolute max at  $x = 2$ .

4. Absolute max at  $x = \sqrt{e}$  and absolute min at  $x = 1$ .