## Mathematics 242 – Principles of Analysis Exam 1 – February 25, 2010

*Directions:* Read all the questions *carefully* before starting to work. Do all work in the blue exam booklet. There are 100 possible regular points and 10 possible Extra Credit points.

I.

- A) (10) State the LUB Axiom for the real number system.
- B) (10) Prove that if A and B are bounded sets of real numbers with lub(A) < lub(B), then there exists a single  $y \in B$  satisfying y > x for all  $x \in A$ .
- C) (10) Let  $A = \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-1}{2n}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)$ . Explain why A is bounded below and determine glb(A).

## II.

- A) (20) Prove that every interval (a, b) with 0 < a < b contains a rational number  $\frac{m}{n}$ .
- B) (5) Use part A to show that every interval (a, b) with a < b < 0 contains a rational number  $\frac{m}{n}$ .

III. (15) Let  $f : \mathbf{N} \to \mathbf{R}$  be defined by f(1) = 2 and  $f(n+1) = \frac{2f(n)-1}{3}$  for all  $n \ge 1$ . Using mathematical induction, show that f(n) > -1 for all  $n \ge 1$ .

IV. True-False. For each true statement give a short proof or reason; for each false statement give a counterexample.

- A) (10) If A and B are sets of real numbers with the property that a > b for all  $a \in A$  and all  $b \in B$ , then glb(A) > lub(B).
- B) (10) For all  $n \ge 1$ ,  $\sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} \frac{1}{2^k} = \frac{3^n}{2^n}$ .
- C) (10) The smallest c such that  $\{x \in \mathbf{R} \mid |x+1| + |x+10| = c\}$  is not empty is c = 11.

Extra Credit (10)

Caution: this problem may be "habit forming." Only attempt after finishing the rest of the exam!

Can you find a 1-1, onto function  $f : \mathbf{R} \to (-1, 1]$ ? If so, describe one by giving formulas or a graph. If there is no such function, prove it.