

MATH 241 Multivariable Calculus

SOLUTIONS to Final Exam Review Questions

- (a) (iii)
(b) (i)
(c) (iii)
(d) (iii)
(e) (iii)
- (a) $\vec{AB} = \langle 1, -2, 2 \rangle$, $\vec{AC} = \langle 2, 0, 2 \rangle$, $\vec{BC} = \langle 1, 2, 0 \rangle$
(b) B and C
(c) 45° or $\pi/4$
(d) $x = 5 - 4t$, $y = 2t$, $z = 1 + 4t$
- $\mathbf{T}(1) = \langle \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \rangle$, $\mathbf{N}(1) = \langle -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{5}}, -\frac{4}{3\sqrt{5}}, \frac{5}{3\sqrt{5}} \rangle$
- (a) $\langle \cos t, \sin t, t \rangle$, 3 loops
(b) speed is $\sqrt{2}$, time to snitch is 6π
(c) 6π meters
(d) $9\pi/\sqrt{2}$, Gryffindor wins (of course!)
- (a) Domain is \mathbb{R}^2 , Range is $3 \leq z \leq 5$
(b) $(0, 0)$ is a saddle point.
(c) Level curves are hyperbolas. The x - and y -axes are level curves.
- (a) $(0, 0)$, $(1, 1)$, $(-1, -1)$.
(b) $(0, 0)$ is a saddle point, $(1, 1)$ is a local maximum, $(-1, -1)$ is a local maximum.
(c) No absolute min, but absolute max is 0.
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- (a) 0
(b) $\frac{16\sqrt{2}\pi}{3} (2 - \sqrt{3})$
- (a) Show that $Q_x - P_y = 0$.
(b) $f(x, y) = e^{xy} + \sin(x - y) + 3y$
(c) $1 - 3\pi/2$
- 0
- (a) $0 \leq r < \infty$, $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$. The value of the integral is $\pi/4$.